



EasyWay



New data elements

Use of Extensions

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Extensions in DATEX II



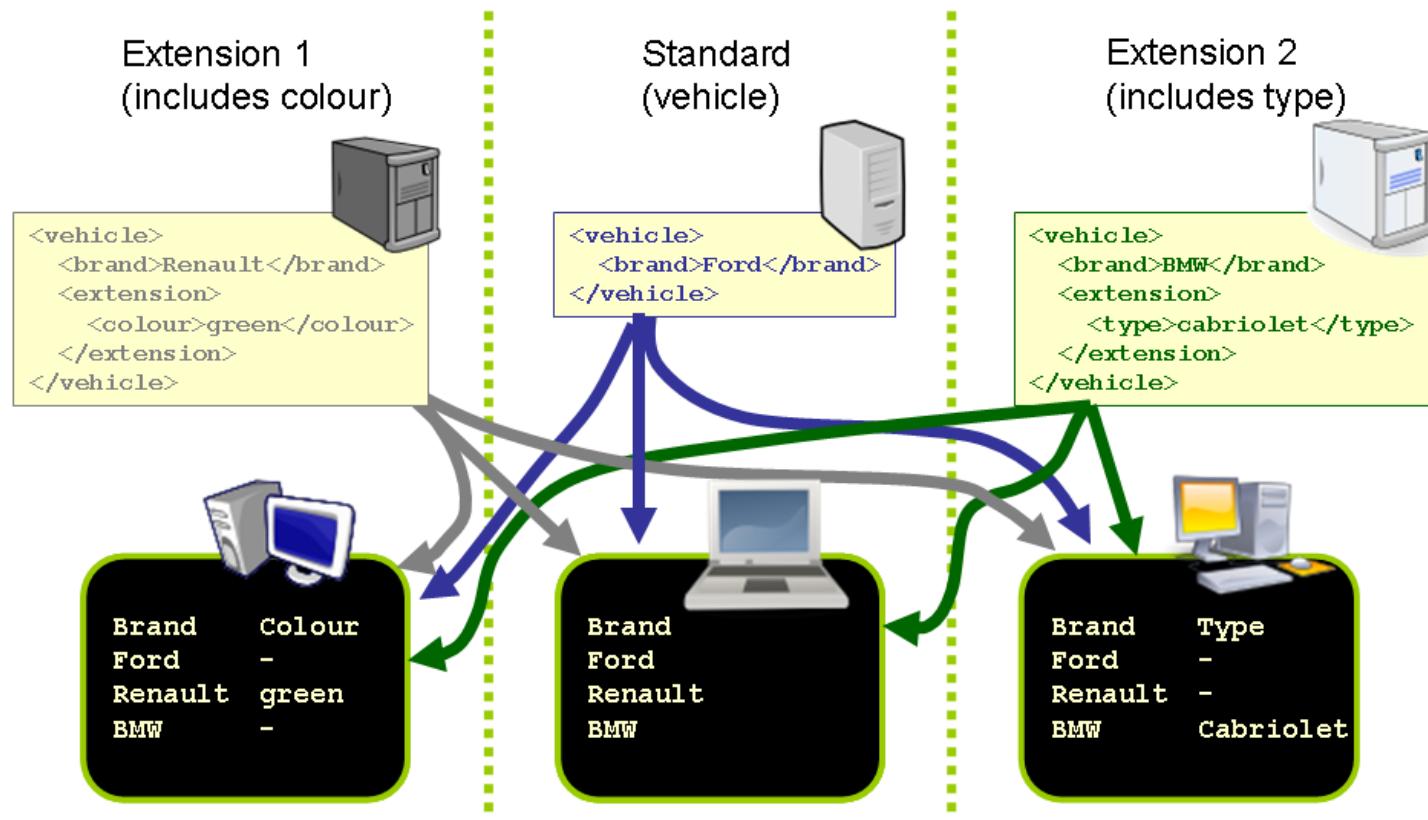
- **DATEX II designed to be extended**
- **It was known from the beginning that local or national extensions are needed**
- **Possible to publish extension on DATEX II web site**

Levels



- **Level A**
 - The "core" model that has been harmonized and will be standardized
- **Level B**
 - Level B extensions added to Level A
 - Full interoperability with Level A
 - A level B extension will not break a Level A Client
 - Level A Client can understand the Level A part of any Level B extended client
 - Two different Level B clients can understand each others level A part
 - A commonly used Level B extension could be a candidate for inclusion in Level A
- **Level C**
 - No interoperability with Level A and Level B
 - Use the same methodology and tools

Level B interoperability



Level B

What we can do

- “Add” attributes to new or existing classes
- “Add” associations to new or existing classes
- Create new classes, enums and data types
- Reuse existing classes, enums and data types

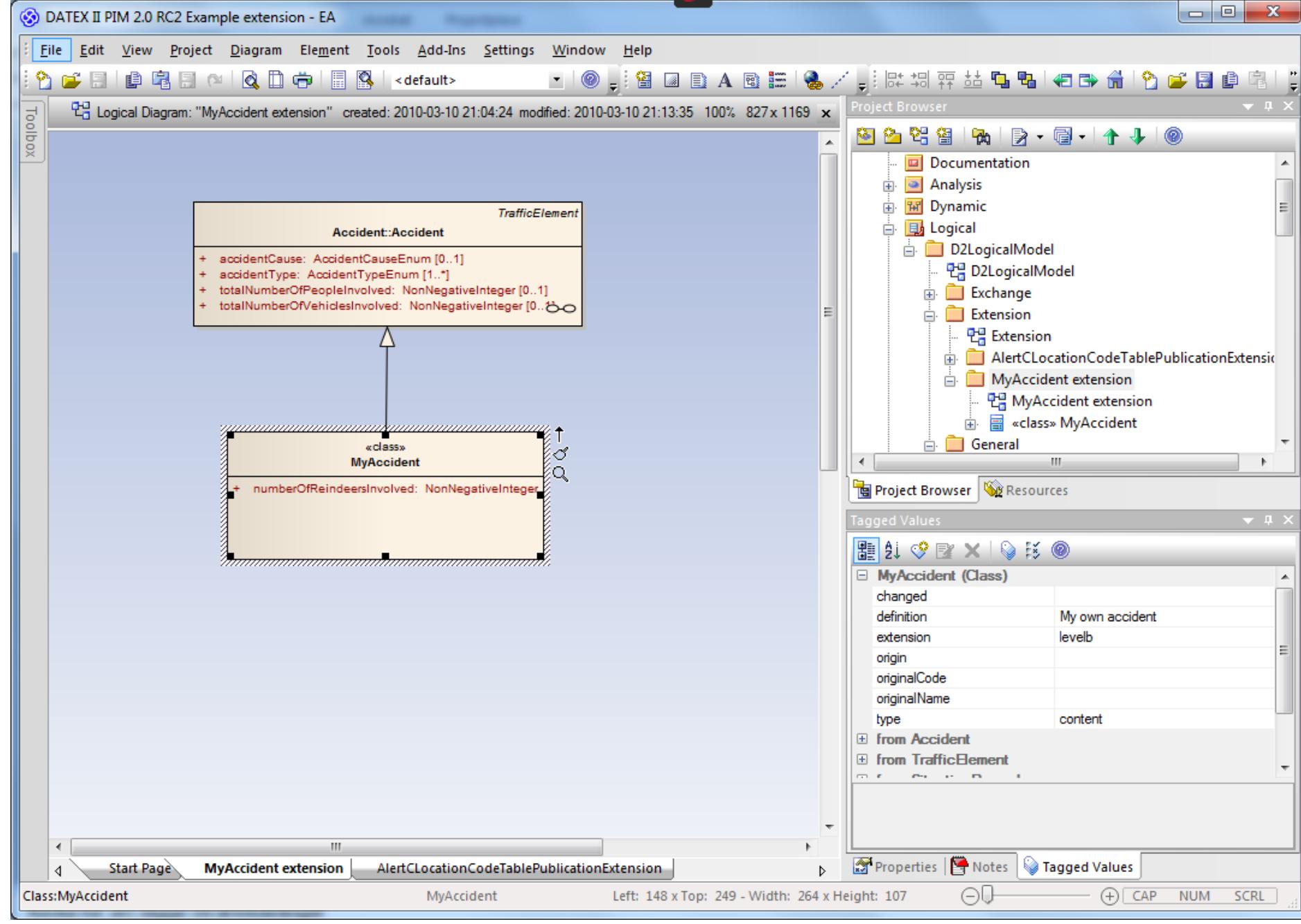
Limitation

- Not possible to derive new “extension” classes from existing abstract classes (create new types)
- Not allowed to change ANYTHING to existing classes, attributes and enumerations

Extension in UML



- **Do the extensions in UML**
- **Easy to share extensions (export to XMI)**
- **Schema generation tool will generate schema and check constraints**



Representation in XSD



- When generating the Schema all complexTypes get an extra element [classname]Extension of the type _ExtensionsType which is defined as follows

```
<xs:complexType name="_ExtensionsType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

- This means that every class can be extended with anything and, if extended, it's known where the extension can be found.

Representation in XSD



- When the tool finds an extension class, it generates a type that look like this

```
<xs:complexType name="[_MyClassExtensionsType]">
<xs:sequence>
  <xs:element name = "myClass" type
  ="D2LogicalModel:MyClass" minOccurs="1">
    <xs:any namespace="#other" processContents="lax"
    minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

- [ClassName]ExtensionsType will be used as type on [Classname]Extension element instead of ExtensionType.

Representation in XML



Normal, non extended complexType

```
<xs:complexType name="PayloadPublication" abstract="true">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="feedType" type="D2LogicalModel:String" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:element name="publicationTime" type="D2LogicalModel:DateTime"/>
    <xs:element name="publicationCreator" type="D2LogicalModel:InternationalIdentifier"/>
    <xs:element name="payloadPublicationExtension" type="D2LogicalModel:_ExtensionType"
minOccurs="0"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:attribute name="lang" type="D2LogicalModel:Language" use="required"/>
</xs:complexType>
```

Representation in XML



```
<xs:complexType name="Accident">
  <xs:complexContent>
    <xs:extension base="D2LogicalModel:TrafficElement">
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="accidentCause" type="D2LogicalModel:AccidentCauseEnum"
minOccurs="0"/>
        ....
        <xs:element name="accidentExtension" type="D2LogicalModel:_AccidentExtensionType"
minOccurs="0"/>
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="_AccidentExtensionType">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="MyAccident" type="D2LogicalModel:MyAccident" minOccurs="0"/>
    <xs:any namespace="#other" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:complexType name="MyAccident">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="numberOfReindeersInvolved" type="D2LogicalModel:NonNegativeInteger"/>
  </xs:sequence>
```

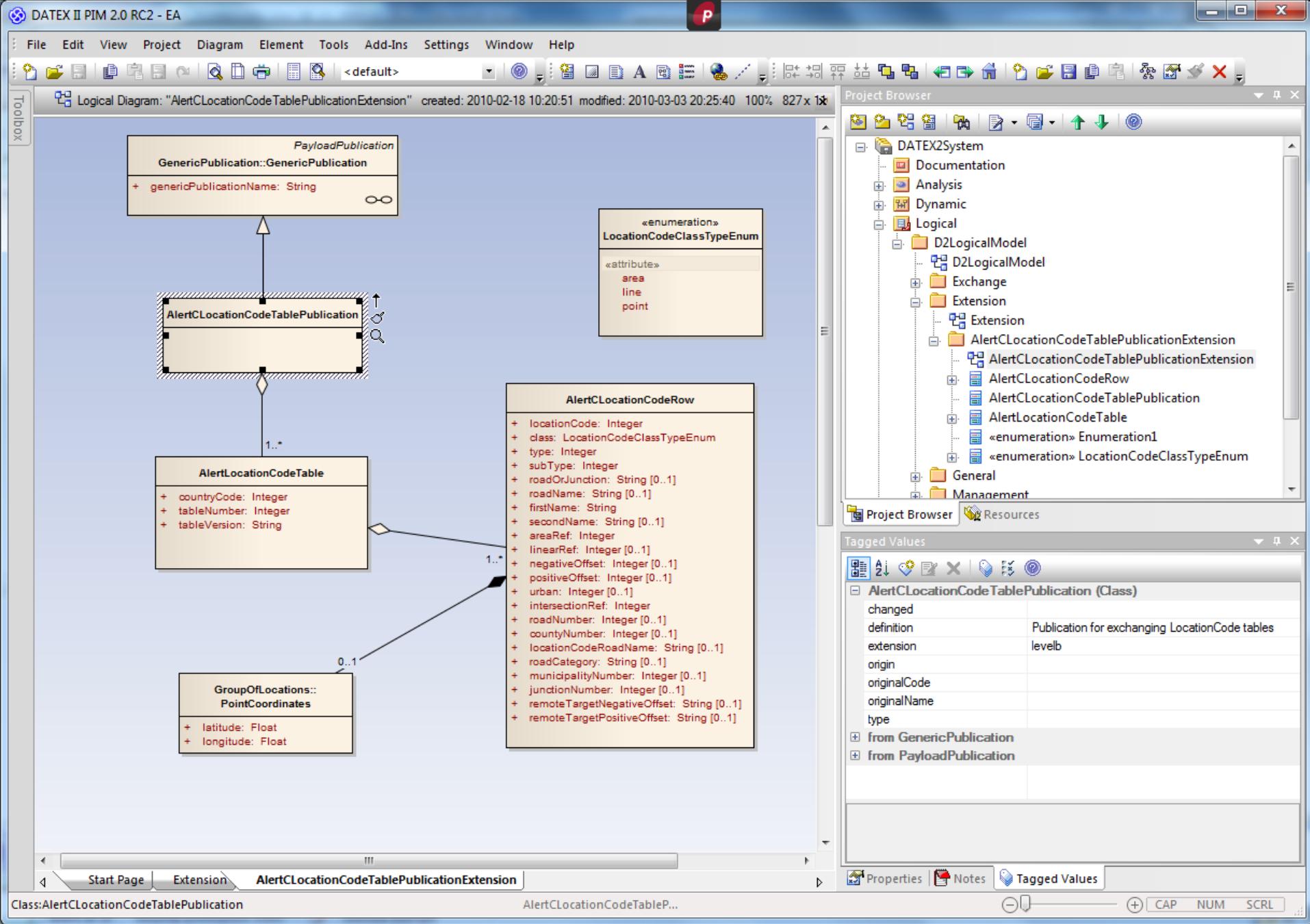
New in DATEX II Version 2.0



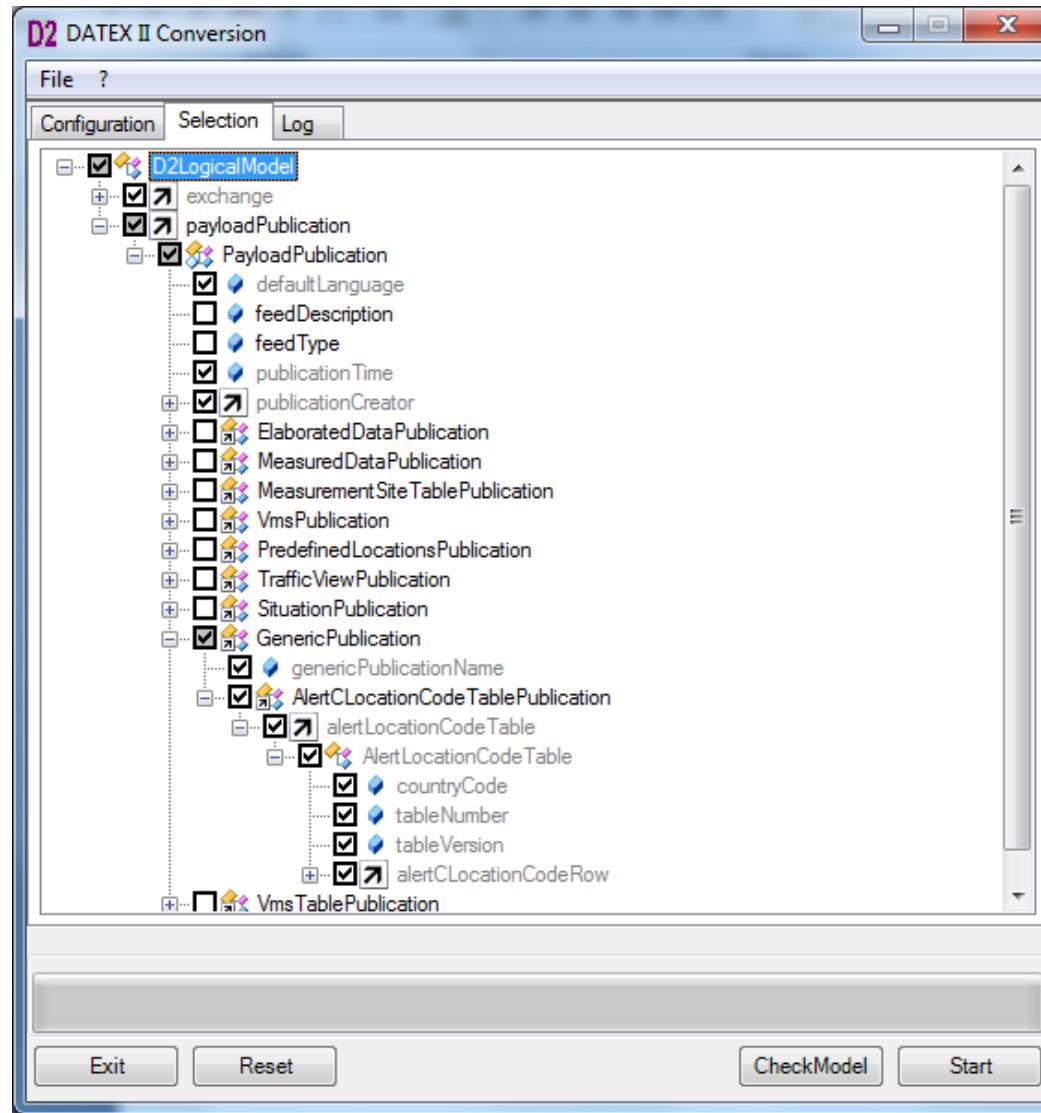
- The limitation, not possible to create new types, has to some point been resolved.
- The model now includes "hook" classes at certain places
- GenericPublication
- GenericSituationRecord

- These should be used to create Level B extension, when you would like to create new types of Publication or SituationRecord.

- Schema tool sub-schema feature also supports selecting/de-selection extensions



Schema generation tool



Questions

